LLANGOLLEN VALE,

WITH

OTHER POEMS:

ANNA SEWARD.



LONDON: PRINTED FOR G. SAEL, NO. 199, STRAND.

1796.



SONNET.

The haunts romantic, where thy filver streams,
On which the garish Sun but seldom gleams,
Fill with their wild and fancy-soothing roar,
LLANGOLLEN'S verdant straights, and mountains hoar,
How shall I dwell enraptur'd on the themes,
That now th' immortal MUSE of Britain deems
Worthy her facred scroll, unmark'd before!
The Steeds whose fetlocks swam in blood, the host
Of GLENDOUR, claiming Valour's brightest meed,
HOEL'S love-breathing harp, and lays divine,
And the fair WANDERERS from Ierne's coast,
Who, to fond Friendship's gentle power decreed,
Rear in thy hallow'd Vale the simple shrine.

H. F. CARY.

CANNOCK, December, 1795.

SONNET.

Dav's, when next my vagrant steps explore

The haunts romantic, where thy silver streams,
On which the garish San but foldom gleams,
Fill with takir wild and sarey-soothing roar, w
Leannoce N's verdant straights, and mountains hoar,
Mow shall I dwell encaptur'd on the thenes,
That now th' innivertal MUSE of Britain deems
Worthy her secred secoll, unmark'd before!
The Steeds whose setlocks for am in blood, the host
Of Grandoux, claiming Valous's brightes, meed,
And the fair Wandershing harp, and lays divine,
Who, to fond Friendship's gentle power decreed,
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H. F. CARY.

CANNOCK, December, 1795.

LLANGOLLEN VALE,

Pragre, in her livid not dadinasenthe Ide.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

Similar LADY ELEANOR BUTLER, " Slid W

Smote with its blatting bound the frighted plajes.

Soon thro' the graYBNOSNOP iSSIM to led. Slow moves the midnight Cart, heapt with the naked Dead.

LUXURIANT Vale, thy Country's early boaft,

What time great GLENDOUR gave thy scenes to Fame;

Taught the proud numbers of the English Host,

How vain their vaunted force, when Freedom's slame

Fir'd him to brave the Myriads he abhorr'd,

Wing'd his unerring shaft, and edg'd his victor sword.

Here first those orbs unclosing drank the light,

Cambria's bright stars, the meteors of her Foes;

What dread and dubious omens mark'd the night,

That lour'd, ere yet his natal morn arose!

The Steeds paternal, on their cavern'd floor,

Foaming, and horror-struck, "fret fetlock-deep in gore."

Sudden it drops on its meridian flight!-

Herick, being found that night in these flables, flanding of sorthe middle in blood.

^{*} Omens: According to the records of Lewis Owen, the year 1349 was diftinguished by the first appearance of the PESTILENCE in Wales, and by the birth of OWEN GLENBOUR. Hollingshed relates the marvellous tale of his Father's

LLANGOLLEN VALE,

PLAGUE, in her livid hand, o'er all the Isle,

Shook her dark flag, impure with fetid stains;

While "DEATH*, on his pale Horse," with baleful smile,

Smote with its blasting hoof the frighted plains.

Soon thro' the grafs-grown streets, in silence led,

Slow moves the midnight Cart, heapt with the naked Dead.

Yet in the festal dawn of Richard's † reign,

Thy gallant GLENDOUR's sunny prime arose; Alauxull

Virtuous, tho' gay, in that Circean fane, and min tadw

Bright Science twin'd her circlet round his brows; and T

Nor cou'd the youthful, rash, luxurious King woll

Dissolve the Hero's worth on his Icarian wing. I min b'n'd

how'r robby sid b'gbe bas, rladt gairreau sid b'gaiw

Sudden it drops on its meridian flight!—

Ah! haples Richard! never didt thou aim lout fluid and Here first and Index aim lout fluid and Here for the primeral Britons with thy might ind a same with the might index ame. What same the form the primeral section of the form the first section of the form of th

Horses, being found that night in their stables, standing up to the middle in blood. The Bard, IOLO GOCH, mentions a Comet, which marked the great deeds of Glendour, when he was in the meridian of his glory. See Mr. PENNANT'S TOUR.

of Owen GLEED . Ino the Richard the Second of the laber's

Soon, in imperious Henry's * dazzled eyes, the alline no light.

The guardian bounds of just Dominion melt; later back had.

His scarce-hop'd crown imperfect bliss supplies, I and was all.

Till Cambria's vassalage be deeply felt. or also all you. I

Now up her craggy steeps, in long array, la back as a back. The say, lo nib all.

Swarm his exulting Bands, impatient for the fray, lo nib all.

Trails the fierce Comet, and alarms the Stars of short mor'd

Each waning Orb withdraws its glancing rays, flor avoid was

Save the red Planet, that delights in wars, w b' short ord?

Then, with broad eyes upturn'd, and starting hair, it is was

Gaze the astonish'd Crowd upon its vengeful glare, norman its

Sees the proud Armies streaming o'er her meads.

Her frighted Echos warning sounds assail, and the county of the doubling drams, the neighing steeds;

The doubling drams, the trumpet's piercing breath,

And all the ensigns dread of havoc, wounds, and death.

Edde Comes dangers I daldwei money A was valle V bearders och alvisual * Henry the Fourth.

And watch'd the onfet of th' unequal fray,

She faw her Deva, stain'd with warrior-blood,

Lave the pale rocks, and wind its fateful way

Thro' meads, and glens, and wild woods, echoing far

The din of clashing arms, and furious shout of war.

From rock to rock, with loud acclaim, she sprung,
While from her CHIEF the routed Legions sled;
Saw Deva roll their slaughter'd heaps among,
The check'd waves eddying round the ghastly dead;
Saw, in that hour, her lown Llangollen claim
Thermopylæ's bright wreath, and aye-enduring same.

A milder lustre in its blooming maze; A buong and and and Thro' the green glens, where lucid Deva flows, bondy in the Rapt Cambria listens with enthusiast gaze, and mindood Milder with the standard of the car affail, by guildend and Than thrill'd on Sorga's bank, the Love-devoted Vale.

^{*} Vaucluse, the celebrated Valley near Avignon, in which Petrarch composed his beautiful Sonnets to Laura.

'Mid the gay towers on steep Din's * Branna's cone,

Her Hoel's breast the fair Mifanwy fires.

O! Harp of Cambria, never hast thou known

Notes more mellissuent floating o'er the wires,

Than when thy Bard this brighter Laura sung,

And with his ill-starr'd love Llangollen's echos rung.

The Genius, Love, and Truth inspire the strains,

Thro' Hoel's veins, the blood illustrious flows,

Hard as th' Eglwyseg rocks + her heart remains,

Her smile a sun-beam playing on their snows;

And nought avails the Poet's warbled claim,

But, by his well-sung woes, to purchase deathless fame.

In 1390, Castel Dinas-Bran, now a bare ruin, was inhabited by the lovely Lady MIFANWY VECHAN, of the House of Tudor Trevor. She was beloved by the Bard Hoel. See Mr. Pennant's Tour, adorned by a pleasing translation, in English verse, of one of Hoel's Poems in her praise, and complaining of her coldness. The ruins of Castel Dinas-Bran, are on a conoid mountain of laborious access. It rises in the midst of Llangollen Valley.

† Eglwyseg rocks. Rocks of the Eagles. They are opposite Castel Dinas-Bran. The Rev. Mr. Roberts of Dinbren asserts, that the word Eglwyseg, has that interpretation. Mr. Pennant derives it from the name of a Gentleman, to whose memory the neighbouring column was erected; though, in another part of his Tour, he mentions Leland's testimony, that a pair of Eagles built annually in the Eglwyseg rocks, and that a person was let down in a basket to take the young, with another basket over his head, to protect him from the sury of the parent-birds. This tradition favors Mr. Roberts' etymology. That Gentleman has lately added largely to his paternal house, situated on a noble mountain in Llangollen Valley. The

Thus confectate to Love, in ages flown, 22 wot yes and hild.

Long ages fled Din's Branna's ruins show, de JaoH 1911

Bleak as they stand upon their steepy cone, mad to qualt ! O

The crown and contrast of the Vale below, arom solon

That, screen'd by mural rocks, with pride displays dw mad T

Beauty's romantic pomp in every sylvan mazeli and shiw buth

Thine, facred Fairmanire, permanent as pure; H'ord' Thine as the Fellowing with the fern Authorities affail, soon gally light as the Her finite a function foreads her filken lucesum a slimit of High-born, and high-endowid, the peerless Twain, and high-endo

house stands near its craggy summit, and looks as if it had been scooped out of the rocks. A very narrow Valley, containing two sloping copies, and a few bright little fields, with a woody lane winding between them, divides Mr. Roberts' mountain from the opposite elevation of Castel Dinas-Brân. The south-east front of the house looks immediately into this narrow Valley; the barren, and very singular Eglwyseg rocks on the lest, and Castel Dinas-Brân in front. Between the base of the latter, and the sloping foot of his own mountain, Mr. R. has the bird's-eye prospect of Llangollen Town, and a part of the Vale.—The Author of this Poem, is indebted to the friendly hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, for an opportunity (during a fortnight's residence with them last Summer) of contemplating the beauties of their own scene, and of the celebrated Valley of Llangollen.

* Peerles Twain. RIGHT HONORABLE LADY ELEANOR BUTLER, and Miss Ponsoney, now seventeen years resident in Llangollen Vale, and whose Guest the Author had the honor to be during several delightful days of the late Summer.

largely to his varenual house, facuted on a noble mountain in Llangoilen Valley. The

Thro' ELEANORA, and her ZARA's mind,

Early tho' genius, taste, and fancy flow'd,

Tho' all the graceful Arts their powers combin'd,

And her last polish brilliant Life bestow'd,

The lavish Promiser, in Youth's soft morn,

Pride, Pomp, and Love, her friends, the sweet Enthusiasts

Then bloom'd around it the Arcadian bowers;

Screen'd from the storms of Winter, cold and pale,

Screen'd from the fervors of the sultry hours,

Circling the lawny crescent, soon they rose,

To letter'd ease devote, and Friendship's blest repose.

Smiling they rose beneath the plastic hand

Of Energy, and Taste;—nor only they,

Obedient Science hears the mild command,

Brings every gift that speeds the tardy day,

Whate'er the pencil sheds in vivid hues,

Th' historic tome reveals, or sings the raptur'd Muse.

t Evening Star.

How fweet to enter, at the twilight grey, And And Out?

The dear, minute Lyceum* of the Dome, and out that
When, thro' the colour'd crystal, glares the ray, and a son?

Sanguine and solemn 'mid the gathering gloom, and have
While glow-worm lamps diffuse a pale, green light, and a such as in mostly lanes illume the starless night.

Then the coy Scene, by deep'ning veils o'erdrawn, for the In shadowy elegance seems lovelier still;

Tall shrubs, that skirt the semi-lunar lawn,

Dark woods, that curtain the opposing hill;

While o'er their brows the bare cliff faintly gleams,

And, from its paly edge, the evening-diamond + streams.

* Lyceum,—the Library, fitted up in the Gothic tafte, the painted windows of that form. In the elliptic arch of the door, there is a prismatic lantern of variously tinted glass, containing two large lamps with their reflectors. The light they shed resembles that of a Volcano, gloomily glaring. Opposite, on the chimney-piece, a couple of small lamps, in marble reservoirs, affist the prismatic lantern to supply the place of candles, by a light more consonant to the style of the apartment, the pictures it contains of absent Friends, and to its aërial music.

Smiling they role beneath the plaffic hand

⁺ Evening-Star.

What strains Æolian thrill the dusk expanse,

As rising gales with gentle murmurs play,

Wake the loud chords, or every sense intrance,

While in subsiding winds they sink away!

Like distant choirs, "when pealing organs blow," in quality and and melting voices blend, majestically slow.

- "But, ah! what hand can touch the ftrings fo fine, of wall
 - "Who up the lofty diapafon roll a last Toing and was
- " Such fweet, fuch fad, fuch folemn airs divine, Taxa 102 will
- "Then let them down again into the foul!"

 The prouder fex as foon, with virtue calm, [palm. Might win from this bright Pair pure Friendship's spotless

What boasts Tradition, what th' historic Theme,
Stands it in all their chronicles confest
Where the soul's glory shines with clearer beam,
Than in our sea-zon'd bulwark of the West,
When, in this Cambrian Valley, Virtue shows
Where, in her own soft sex, its steadiest lustre glows?

^{*} These lines with inverted commas, are from Thomson's Castle of Indolence.

Say ivied VALLE CRUCIS*, time decay'd,

Dim on the brink of Deva's wandering floods,

Your riv'd arch glimmering thro' the tangled glade,

Your grey hills towering o'er your night of woods,

Deep in the Vale's recesses as you stand,

And, desolately great, the rising sigh command,

Say, lonely, ruin'd Pile, when former years

Saw your pale Train at midnight alters bow;

Saw Superstition frown upon the tears

That mourn'd the rash irrevocable vow,

Wore one young lip gay Elbanora's smile?

Did Zara's look serene one tedious hour beguile?

For your fad Sons, nor Science wak'd her powers;

Nor e'er did Art her lively fpells difplay;

But the grim IDOL + vainly lash'd the hours

That dragg'd the mute, and melancholy day;

Dropt her dark cowl on each devoted head,

That o'er the breathing Corse a pall eternal spread.

^{*} The picture que Ruins of Valle Crucis Abbey, one of the most striking objects in this Valley. They are particularly described by Mr. Pennant, and there are engravings of them in his Tour.

⁺ Superstition.

This gentle Pair no glooms of thought infest,

Nor Bigotry, nor Envy's fullen gleam

Shed withering influence on the effort blest,

Which most shou'd win the other's dear esteem,

By added knowledge, by endowment high,

By Charity's warm boon, and Pity's soothing sigh.

Then how shou'd Summer-day or Winter-night,

Seem long to them who thus can wing their hours!

O! ne'er may Pain, or Sorrow's cruel blight,

Breathe the dark mildew thro' these lovely bowers,

But lengthen'd Life subside in soft decay,

Illum'd by rising Hope, and Faith's pervading ray.

May one kind ice-bolt, from the mortal stores,

Arrest each vital current as it flows,

That no sad course of desolated hours

Here vainly nurse the unsubsiding woes!

While all who honor Virtue, gently mourn

LLANGOLLEN'S VANISH'D PAIR, and wreath their sacred urn.

VERSES TO PROTECT OF A TON

This gentle Pair no closmatch thought in

WREXHAM,

AND THE

INHABITANTS OF ITS ENVIRONS.

PROUD of her ancient Race, Britannia shows Where, in her Wales, another Eden glows, And all her Sons, to Truth, and Honor dear, Prove they deserve the Paradise they share.

Thrice happy Wrexham, 'mid thy neighbouring groves
Stray, with 'twin'd arms, the Virtues, and the Loves,
There Fletcher*, from her own Gwernheyled, beams,
Fair as its meads, and liberal as its streams;
The Sister Apperlys†, in Youth's soft morn,
With rising charms the festal scenes adorn;
And friendly Price‡, as happy, free, and gay,
As when, in Life and Beauty's rosy May,

^{*} Mrs. Fletcher of Gwernheyled—Gwernheyled, means Sunny Alders.

† The two Miss Apperlys.

‡ Mrs. Parry Price, late of that neighbourhood.

She shone, the Hebe of her green retreat,

With half the youth of Cambria at her feet.

See Cunliffe's* eyes diffuse the gladdening ray,

And shed around her Pleasure's golden day;

Meridian lovelines, majestic grace,

Stream o'er her form, and lighten in her face;

While Sense and Virtue's blended influence dart

The look, the voice, resistless to the heart.

Her sarving Mary to amid the burling rough,

Nor only, WREXHAM, do thy circling groves

Boast the fair Virtues, and the radiant Loves,

There HAYMAN's fong, with its inchanting powers,

Floats thro' thy vales, thy mansions, and thy bowers;

Her hallow'd temple there Religion shows,

That erst with beauteous majesty arose

In ancient days, when Gothic Art display'd

Her fanes, in airy elegance array'd,

Whose nameless charms the Dorian claims efface,

Corinthian splendor, and Ionic grace;

Then plied, with curious skill, now rarely shown,

Th' adorning chisel, o'er the yielding stone.

*The Lady of Sir Foster Cunlisse, Baronet.

† Watkin Hayman, Esq.

With their fine forms the captivated fight, which had not affire to emulate the Art with the Elegance the palm refigns, with the Art in intellectual greatness shines.

Bright as in *Albion's long distinguish'd fanes, with the Bright as in *Albion's long distinguish'd fanes, with the Art Trumper thrill its murky gloom, with smile triumphant over Death, and Time, Lifts the rapt eye, and rears the form sublime.

Floats thro' thy vales, thy manhous, and t

WREXHAM, for thee thus rose, by mental power,

Fair modern Science o'er the Arts of yore;

For thee exulting she entwines the wreaths,

As Sculpture speaks, and heavenly Music breathes,

Since great Roubilliac decks thy sacred Shrine,

And Genius wakes thy Randal's Harpt divine.

arword tisth . Westminster. Proctus die bilg and T

⁺ Sainted Maid. Mrs. Mary Middleton's monument by Roubilliac, in the Chancel at Wrexham.

[‡] Mr. Randal, Organist of Wrexham; an exquisite Performer on the pedal Harp. He has been blind from his infancy.

This coast, the nearest to our central home,

Falling in heavy, deep, continual rain,

That green Br. 3AAL 3AYOH folays,

Now gives the drooping France a cheerful Domes, Whose Larest finite, MAOS mile lengther derve.

WRITTEN ON THAT COAST,

AND ADDRESSED TO ITS PROPRIETOR,
SIR JOHN STANLEY.

THEE, STANLEY, thee, our gladden'd spirit hails,
Since Life's first good for us thy efforts gain,
Who, Habitants of Albion's inland vales,
Reside far distant from her circling main.

These lightsome Walls, beneath thy generous cares

Arose, the lawny scene's convivial boast,

While at thy voice clear-cheek'd Hygeia rears

Her aqueous altars on this tepid coast.

* Hoyle Lake, the real name, better suited to verse than its recently-assumed appellation, High Lake.

The large and handforce Hotel, built in the year 1792, by Sin Joun Stane 1893, and which converts thefe pleature Downs into a commedicus fee-beilding

This coast, the nearest to our central home,

That green Britannia's watry zone displays,

Now gives the drooping Frame a cheerful Dome*,

Whose Lares+ smile, and promise lengthen'd days.

When gather'd fogs the pale horizon steep,

Falling in heavy, deep, continual rain,

If, ere the Sun sink shrouded in the deep,

His crystal rays pervade the vapory train,

WESTER ON THAT COAST

Dry are the turfy downs, diffusive spread to read and special of the light surface of the sandy mound,

Where e'en the languid Form may safely tread, and other of the pure gale, and eye the blue profound.

While at thy voice clear-check'd Hygeia rears
Her aqueous altars on this tepid coaft.

appelinion, High Lake.

^{*}The large and handsome Hotel, built in the year 1792, by SIR JOHN STAN-LEY, and which converts these pleasant Downs into a commodious sea-bathing Place.

⁺ Lares, Household-Gods.

Of Deva*, and of Merfey, meets the main, Mandal And when the fun-gilt day illumes its charms,

Boafts of peculiar grace, nor boafts in vain.

Tho' near the Beach, dark Helbrie's lonely lile,

Reposes fullen in the watry way,

Hears round her rocks the tides, returning, boil,

And o'er her dusky fandals dash their spray.

Mark, to the left, romantic Cambria's coast, and about the foods; but the floods; but the floods; but the floods; but the floods while seas on Orm's beak'd promontory burst, but the floods.

* Deva, the classical name of the DEE. sobi Teggierot sale one but

" Nor yet where Deva spreads her wizard stream."

MILTON's Lycidas.

I'ho' the fkies darken, and the w

Alfo Prior, in Henry and Emma.

"Him, great in peace and wealth, fair Deva knows."

MILTON, probably uses the epithet wisard, in allusion to the rites and mysteries performed on the banks of the Deva, or Dee. In Spencer, that River is made the haunt of Magicians. That fine poetic Scholar and Critic, the late Mr. T. Warton, observes, in his Edition of Milton's lesser Poems, that Merlin used to visit old Timon in a green Valley, at the foot of the Mountain, Rauran-Vaur, in Merionethshire, from which Mountain the River Deva springs. See Fairy Queen, B. 1. C. ix. V. 4. In Drayton, an old Poet, with whose works Milton was familiar, it is styled "the hallowed, the hely, the ominous flood."

Vast More-y-Fammau* towers upon the sight, 10
Lifts her maternal bosom to the storms, and and had
And screens her filial mountains from their blight.

In pallid diffance, glimmer thro' the fley, it along all Tho', hid by jutting rocks, thy fplendid fance, wor area?

Commercial Liverpool, clude the eyes and o'en had

Wide in the front the confluent Oceans roll, it of the Mark, to the Amid whose restless billows guardian Hoyle, to the To screen her azure Lake when Tempests howl; a sold W Spreads the firm texture of her amber 1ste ved and

And tho' the furging Tide's reliftless waves

Roll, day, and night, its level furface o'er,

Tho' the skies darken, and the whirlwind raves,

They froth,—but rush innoxious to the shore.

Moel-y-Fammau, the first word spoken as one syllable, as if spelt Mole. The name signifies in Welch, Mother of Mountains. It is seen in the Hoyle-Lake prospect, behind the Flintshire Hills, and considerably higher than any of them.

Amber Isle, the Sand Island, fix miles long, and four broad, which trying in the Sea, a mile from shore, forms the Lake, and breaking the force of the Tides, constitutes the safety of that Lake as an Harbour and Bathing-Place.

When fear-struck fearmen, mid the raging stood, qualify
Hear thundering Satewards yell her dire decrees,
See her pale armirend every fail, and shroud, you slid!

And ofer the high mast life her whelming feas, mill

The shatter'd Navy thro the tempest slies, when sill Each joyous Mariner forgets his toil litted a least of the deathless grants and carolanto the wainly angry skies ig shall be of

What the they were the liake's corulean tream; and we had a curle its billows on the the liying the main and it.

Yet, in despite of Fancy's triffid the am, brown refer all.

Age, and Infirmity, what plunge fecure engot but.

Or Summer-noons illume the graffy mound;
When anchor'd Navies crowd the peopled Lake, and or deck the distant Ocean's skiey bound.

Rife the tall masts;—or spreading wide their fails,
Silvering, and shining in the solar beam,
Stand on that last blue line, and court the gales.

The peopled Lake, of fong, and lively cheer, and madW

And Boatfwain's whiftle bears the jovial found; sall

While rofy pennants, floating on the air, as also and sall

Tinge the foft feas of glafs, that fleep around.

'Twas on these Downs the Belgian Hero spreading of it.

His ardent Legions in auspicious hours, and and the Ere to Ierne's hostile shores he led remain auspicious.

To deathless glory their embattled Powersloves bank

When, like the Conqueror of the Eastern World, and World, and William William whirl'd, and mortal William whirl'd, and and Boyne's pale waters dyed with Rebel blood.

Breathes renovation in its foamy wave, which the kind Donor shall each heart implore, and the total of the good his energies to others gave.

Stand on that laft lifue line, and court the vales.

Silvering, and thining in the lolar beam,

^{*} KING WILLIAM encamped his army on the Hoyle Lake Downs, before he took shipping from thence, on his victorious expedition to Ireland.

That long on him clear-cheek'd Hygeia's smile,
And long on all he loves, serene may shine,
Who from thy sparkling coast, benignant HOYLE,
Diffus'd the blessings of her crystal shrine.

ten and RUMIC DIALOGUE.

HERVA.

ARGANTYR, wake!—to thee I cali,
Hear from thy dark tepulchral hall!
'Mid the Forest's inmost gloom,
Thy Daughter, circling thrice thy routh,

Average of Avalet Arganiye |—Heredy, the Daugh er of the mad Sainterland, to be awaken thee! Give me on of the tomb the best ten of field a san a che.

Description of Saufrelana, No. 10 and the best ten of field a san a che.

* Doctor Hirks' modal profit Translation in his Thebarus Percentancia, of the execut Norte Form, is how given tegratify the residency consoling askin to three that is in old only as an outlier, and that the following Poem is a read Percentur, and a translation. The expections will be the following Poem is a read percent, and a translation. The expection will be the fill outlier to the fill president contracts. A class translates, in English verte, will be found in a valuable call close of Runic Oder, for the argentines and known Alla Matters. After his example, fone high classifies have been made in the verte.

Fnat long on him cicar-cheek'd Hygein's fmile,

And long on all he | AVASHMay flime,

Who from thy that agordanana Hoves,

Diffus'd the bleftin, AYTWADAA'd flirine.

RUNIC DIALOGUE.

HERVA.

tils arder, lagresses ask

ARGANTYR, wake!—to thee I call,
Hear from thy dark fepulchral hall!
'Mid the Forest's inmost gloom,
Thy Daughter, circling thrice thy tomb,

Hervor. "Awake, Argantyr!—Hervor, the Daughter of thee and Sauferlama, "doth awaken thee! Give me out of the tomb the hardened fword which the

" Dwarfs made for Sauferlama."

* Doctor Hicks' literal profe Translation in his Thesaurus Septentrionalis, of this ancient Norse Poem, is here given to gratify the reader's curiosity; also to show that it is used only as an outline, and that the following Poem is a bold Paraphrase, not a Translation. The expressions in Dr. Hicks' profe, have a vulgar familiarity, injurious to the sublimity of the original conception. A close translation, in English verse, will be found in a valuable collection of Runic Odes, by the ingenious and learned Mr. Mathias. After his example, some slight changes have been made in the names, for their better accommodation to the verse.

With mystic rites of thrilling power Avail Disturbs thee at this midnight hour ! MASH I, thy Sauferlama's child thrush a lo stinig? Of my filial right beguil'd, v. bslo romas al Now adjure thee to refign graff driw , wo / The CHARMED SWORD, by birth-right mine! When the Dwarf, on Eyvor's plain; Dim glided by thy marriage-train, diagnet In jewel'd belt of gorgeous pride, but and To thy pale and trembling Bride, gent tad I Gave he not in whifpen deepy fly anivi. I That dread companion of thy sleep? Fall'n before its edge they foes, y 19'0 20 WO. Idly does it now reposebasbagus 'di asad o'T In the dark tomb with thee? awake! Spells thy fullen flumber break! nigniV and Now their stern command fulfill!-

Hervardar, Harvardur. — Ilità insili wort art, avait harp (word, word, bield and accourrencess, and a bloody spear, I await an you all under the roots of Trees.

Or are my gross senses found

-Sons of Andgrym, who delighted in milchief, now become duft and a shesy—Can none of Eyvor's Sons speak to me out of the habitations of "the dead?"—

HERVARDOR, HTARVARDOR, hear! HRANI, mid thy flumber drear toris education Spirits of a dauntless Race, and all the Land In armor clad, your tombs I trace. I you to Now, with fharp and blood-stain'd spear, Accent shrill, and spell severe, was all and I wake you all from flumber mute, Beneath the dark Oak's twifted root! Are Andgrym's hated Sons no more That fleeps the Sworp, that drank their gore?-Living,-why, to MAGIC RHYME, and TOO Speaks no voice of former time, beath 1847 Low as o'er your tombs I bend noted a lie'd To hear th' expected founds afcend, ob vibl Murmuring from your darkfome hall, At a Virgin's folemn call? - Ilin vit allege

Now their flern command inhill

[&]quot; Hervardur, Hiarvardur, Hrani,—with helmet and coat of mail, and a sharp sword,
" with shield and accountements, and a bloody spear, I awaken you all under
" the roots of Trees.

[&]quot;Are the Sons of Andgrym, who delighted in mischief, now become dust and "ashes?—Can none of Eyvor's Sons speak to me out of the habitations of "the dead?"—

Hervardor,—Hiarvardor,—hear!
Hrani,—mark my spell severe!
Henceforth may the semblance* cold,
That did each Warrior's spirit hold,
Parch, as Corse unblest, that lies
Withering in the sultry skies!—
Ghastly may your forms decay,
Hence the noisome reptile's prey,
If ye force not, thus adjur'd,
My Sire to yield the CHARMED SWORD!

"Hervardur, Hiarvardur, Hrani!—so may you all be within your ribs, as a thing that is hanged up to putrify among insects, unless you cause Argantyr to deliver up to me the sword which the Dwarfs made, and the glorious belt!"

Entemb'd beneath an hallow'd flade:

Me no tender Father hid

- * According to the Gothic Mythology, the spirits of Heros slept in their bodies, which did not decay. Putrefaction, therefore, was the heaviest curse that could be denounced.
 - " Never shall Enquirer come
 - " To break my iron-sleep again,
 - " Till Lok has burft his ten-fold chain."

with liver flights on the flowest burnet to be a lightly divided by

GRAY's Descent of Odin, from the Norse Poetry.

ABGANTER.

HERVARDON, - HIMRE ARDON

Arm'd amid this starless gloom, Thou, whose steps adventurous roam; Thou, that wav'ft a magic fpear Thrice before our mansions drear, Gaziffic Devoted Virgin, know in time The mischiefs of the RUNIC RHYME, Forcing accents, mutter'd deep, From the cold reluctant lip! Me no tender Father laid Entomb'd beneath an hallow'd shade; It was no friendly voice that gave The Oak, that screen'd a Warrior's grave, Gave it, in malignant tone, To the blafting thunderstone. Timeless now these bones decay, Pervious to the baleful ray

nieds blot eg aut frait and iff i

[&]quot; Argantyr. Daughter Hervor, full of spells to raise the dead, why dost thou " call so?—wilt thou run on to thine own mischief?—Thou art mad, and out " of thy senses, who art desperately resolved to awaken dead men!"—

[&]quot; I was not buried either by Father or other Friends—Two which lived after me, got Turfing, one of whom is now possessor."

shou'd rue its proavaal vet that woes

'It prophecied Argantyr's Focs

Warrior,—thus, with falsehood wild,
Seek'st thou to deceive thy child?—
Sure as Odin doom'd thy fall,
And hides thee in this filent hall,
Here sleeps the Sword.—Pale Chief, resign
That, which is by birthright mine!
Fear'st thou, Spirit of my Sire,
At thy only Child's desire,
Glorious heritage to yield,
Conquest in the deathful field?

[&]quot;Hervor. Thou dost not tell the truth—so let Odin hide thee in the tomb, as, "thou hast got Turfing by thee. Art thou unwilling, Argantyr, to give an "inheritance to thy only child?"—

Of the fwart trans-TMid Battle's yoll ... The charm'd, the that Averon fell

Daring HERVA, liften yet, Spare thy heart its long regret! and based Why trembling shrunk thy Mother's frame When the FATAL PRESENT came ? Virgin, mark the boding word, with the vil Sullen whisper'd o'er the Sworn! It prophecied Argantyr's Foes Shou'd rue its prowefs; -yet that woes Greater far his RACE shou'd feel. Victims of the CRUEL STEEL, When, in blood of millions dyed, It arms an ireful Fratricide. MAID, no erring accents warn ;-Of Sons to thee, hereafter born, One thy Chiefs shall HYDRECK name, Dark spirited !- but dear to fame Shall blooming HIARALMO live .-Maid, his doom thy mandates give!

[&]quot; Argantyr. I will tell thee, Hervor, what is to come to pass.—This Turfing "will, if thou dost believe me, destroy almost all thy offspring.—Thou shalt "have a Son, and many think that he will be called Hydrec by the People."

Renounce, renounce the dire demand,
Or to thy Sons, in Hydreck's hand,
Fatal proves, fome future day,
The CHARMED SWORD.—Difturb it not!—away!

Sword, that foot avail

ARGANTYR,—hear thy Daughter's voice,
Spells decree an only choice!
Or, in perturbed tomb unbleft,
The filence of fepulchral reft
Shall no more thy funk eye fleep,
Close no more thy pallid lip,
Or, ere this night's shadows melt,
Mine the Sword, and gorgeous belt.

ARGANTYR.

Young Maid,—who as of warrior might,
Roamest thus to tombs by night,
In coat of mail, with voice austere,
Waving the Corse-awakening Spear
O'er thy dead Ancestors;—offence,
And danger threaten!—hie thee hence!

[&]quot; Hervor. I do, by Enchantments, make that the Dead shall never know peace, or " rest, unless thou deliver up to me Tursing."

[&]quot; Argantyr. Young Maid, I fay thou art of manlike courage, who dost roam about by night to tombs, with spear engraven by magical spells, with helmet and coat of mail, before the door of our Hall."

Renounce, renounavant live demand.

Obey, obey, or fleep no more!

Now my facred right restore!

The Sworn, that joys when Foes assail,

Sword, that scorns the ribbed mail,

Scorns the car, in swift career,

Scorns the helmet, scorns the spear;

Scorns the nerv'd experienc'd arm;

ARGANTYR, yield it to my charm!

'Tis not well the Victor's pride,

With thee in silent tombs to hide;

Thy Child, thy only Child, demands,

Reach it with thy wither'd hands!

ARGANTYR.

The death of HIARALMO lies

Beneath this mouldering arm!—and rife

Round its edge, the lurid fires,

Hostile to unaw'd desires.

Hie thee hence, nor madly dare

The death-denouncing grasp;—beware!

[&]quot;Hervor. I took thee for a brave man before I found out your halls. Give me
out of the tomb the workmanship of the Dwarfs, which hates all coats of
mail.—It is not good for thee to hide it."

[&]quot; Argantyr. The death of Hialmor lies beneath my shoulders.—It is all wrapt " up in fire. I know no Maid of any Country that dares take this Sword in " hand."

HERVA.

Opensi-enack, to thee reftor'd.

Not if thousand fires invade

Streaming from its angry blade.

Innoxious are the fires that play

Round the Corse, with meteor ray,

And in these waste hours of night

Silent death-halls dimly light;

Yet, gliding with consuming force,

Undaunted wou'd I meet their course.

ARGANTYR.

Vapotonia Hames, that county is wreather

Thou, whose awless voice proclaims

Scorn of the sepulchral flames,

Lest their force around thee swell,

Punishing thy daring spell,

And thy mortal form consume,

Herva, see!—thy Father's tomb

MILTON'S Par. Loft. B. vo. line 265.

" O organic, and be viewing flame, and sparkles dire.

[&]quot; Herver. I shall take and keep it in my hand, if I may obtain it.—I do not

[&]quot;Argantyr. O, conceited Hervor, thou art mad! Rather than thou shouldest in an instant fall into the fire, I will give thee the Sword, O, young Maid, "and not hide it from thee."

Opens!—mark, to thee reftor'd,
Rifing flow, the baneful Sworp!—
See, it meets thy rash desire
*Bickering with funereal fire!

ald ta Herva oft sta alexanni

Warrior, now dost thou reclaim
The lustre of thy former fame;
Lo, the Sword, a seeming brand,
Blazes in thy Daughter's hand!
Nor perishes that hand beneath
Vaporous slames, that round it wreathe,
Gleam along the midnight air,
Illume the forest wide,—and glare
On the scath'd Oak!—Sepulchral wood,
Thee I quit for fields of blood!
Nor would I, on its fateful range,
This Sword, with all its meteors, change
For the Norweyan sceptre.—Lo,
Death, and conquest, wait me now!—

MILTON's Par. Loft. B. vi. line 765.

[&]quot;Hervor. Thou dost well, Offspring of Heroes, that thou dost give me the "Sword out of the Tomb.—I am now better pleased, O Prince, to have it, "than if I had got all Norway."

^{* &}quot; And from about him fierce effusion roll'd

[&]quot; Of smoke, and bickering flame, and sparkles dire."

ARGANTYR. HE MAN PORTE

HIARALMO'S future bane,
Grasp'd with exultation vain,
Fatal, fatal shall be found
To thee, and thine, in cureless wound!
By that wound 'tis now decreed
HYDREK'S self at length shall bleed!
Herva, less thy long regret
Had thy Chiefs in combat met
Andgrym's sons, with warlike zeal,
Met them in uncharmed steel.

HERVA of - poll-beile

ball the hall and ongenpour, e gersely

Sleep, Argantyr,—Chief of might,
Thro' the long, the dreary night;
Nor let strife, and bitter scorn,
'Mid Herva's offspring, yet unborn,

On and plain, or fluidking fream,

[&]quot; Argantyr. False Woman!—thou dost not understand that thou speakest
foolishly of that in which thou dost rejoice.—Turfing shall, if thou wilt be
lieve me, destroy all thy offspring."

[&]quot; Hervor. I must go to my Seamen,—here I have no mind to stay any longer.—
" Little do I care, O royal Friend, what my Sons hereafter quarrel about."

Disturb thee in the tomb !- and mark, The SPEAR, that broke thy flumber dark, Round the blafted Oak I wave, That ill protects a Warrior's grave! Soon shall its scath'd trunk be seen Cloth'd in shielding bark, and green As before the vengeful time, and waster vel When, by force of baleful RHYME, It shrunk amid the forest's groan, Smote by the red thunderstone. Thro' the renovated boughs, Guardians of thy deep repole, ni man tall Shall the hail no longer pour, The livid Dog-star look no more! Spirits of the elder Dead, Spell-awak'd from flumber dread, Not to your spears, in martial pride, Refting by each Hero's fide, Not to your gore-spotted mail, Steely shroud of Warrior pale, Shall, thro' thousand Winters, drain Driving fnow, or drenching rain; Nor, while countless Summers beam On arid plain, or shrinking stream,

Thro' the widening chink be known

Reptile vile of fultry Noon,

To wind the flimy track abhorr'd!

Fate is mine, fince mine the Sworp!

ARGANTYR.

Herva, thine the fource of woes,

Direful long to all thy foes,

Ere against thy peace it turn,

And thou thy bleeding Race shalt mourn.

When extinct the tomb's blue fires,

Whose light now gleams, and now retires,

Quivering o'er its edge, forbear

To touch the VENOM'D BLADE;—beware!

Venom, for the blood prepar'd

Of twelve brave Chiefs, their dread reward.

[&]quot;Argantyr. Take and keep Hialmor's bane, which thou shalt long have and
enjoy.—Touch not the edges, there is poilon on both of them!—It is a
most cruel Devourer of Men!"

[&]quot; Farewell Daughter.—I do quickly give thee the twelve men's deaths, if thou
canst believe with might and courage,—and all the goods that Andgrym's

[&]quot; Sons have left behind them."

Herva, now thy Father's tomb

Slowly closes!—Ne'er presume

Again to breathe, in Odin's hall,

Shrill, the Corse-disturbing call!

HERVA.

I go,—for these blue fires insest

The troubled tomb's presumptuous Guest;
As of step profane aware,
Round me, more and more, they glare.—
Hervardor, Hiarvardor,—keep
Lasting slumber!—Hrani sleep!
And sleep Argantyr!—Chiefs of might,
Quiet be your mornless night!

Of twelve brave Chiefs, their dread reward.

Venom, for the blood preparta

[&]quot; Hervor. Dwell, all of you fafe in the Tombs! I must be gone and hasten " hence, for I feem to be in a place where fire burns about me."

EYAM*.

FOR one short week I leave, with anxious heart,
Source of my silial cares, the full of days;
Lur'd by the promise of harmonic Art
To breathe her Handel's soul-exalting lays.
Pensive I trace the Derwent's amber wave†,
Foaming thro' sylvan banks, or view it lave
The soft romantic vallies, high o'er-peer'd
By hills, and rocks, in savage grandeur rear'd.

Not two short miles from thee,—can I refrain
Thy haunts, my native EYAM, long unseen?
Thou, and thy lov'd Inhabitants again
Shall meet my transient gaze.—Thy rocky screen,

^{*} This Poem was written August 1788, on a journey through Derbyshire, to a music-meeting at Shessield. The Author's Father was Rector of EYAM, an extensive Village, that runs along a mountainous terrace, in one of the highest parts of the Peak. She was born there, and there passed the first seven years of her life, visiting the Place often with her Father in suture periods. The middle part of this Village is built on the edge of a deep Dell, which has very picturesque, and beautiful seatures.

[†] Amber wave. From the peculiar nature of the clay on the mountains, from which it descends, the River Derwent has a yellow tint, that well becomes the dark foliage on its banks, and the perpetual foam produced by a narrow, and rocky channel.

Thy airy cliffs I mount; and feek thy shade,
Thy roofs, that brow the steep, romantic glade;
But, while on me the eyes of Friendship glow,
Swell my pain'd sighs, my tears spontaneous flow.

In Scenes paternal, not beheld thro' years,

Nor view'd, till now, but by a Father's fide,

Well might the tender tributary tears,

From keen regrets of duteous fondness, glide.

Its Pastor, to this Human-Flock no more

Shall the long slight of future days restore;

Distant he droops—and that once-gladdening eye

Now languid gleams, e'en when his Friends are nigh.

Thro' this known walk, where weedy gravel lies,
Rough, and unfightly;—by the long coarse grass
Of the once smooth, and vivid Green, with sighs,
To the deserted Rectory I pass;—
Stray thro' the darken'd chambers naked bound,
Where Childhood's earliest, liveliest bliss I found.
How chang'd, since erst, the lightsome walls beneath,
The social joys did their warm comforts breathe!

Ere yet I go, who may return no more,

That facred Pile, 'mid yonder shadowy trees,

Let me revisit!—ancient, massy door,

Thou gratest hoarse!—my vital spirits freeze

Passing the vacant Pulpit to the space

Where humble rails the decent Altar grace,

And where my infant sister's ashes sleep,

Whose loss I lest the childish sport to weep.

*Now the low beams, with paper garlands hung,
In memory of fome village Youth, or Maid,
Draw the foft tear, from thrill'd remembrance fprung,
How oft my childhood mark'd that tribute paid.
The gloves suspended by the garland's side,
White as its snowy slowers, with ribbands tied;
Dear Village! long these wreaths sunereal spread,
Simple memorials of thy early Dead!

^{*} The ancient custom of hanging a garland of white roses, made of writing-paper, and a pair of white gloves, over the pew of the unmarried Villagers, who die in the flower of their age, is observed to this day, in the Village of EYAM, and in most other Villages, and little Towns in the Peak.

But, O! thou blank, and filent Pulpit!—thou

That with a Father's precepts, just, and bland,
Did'st win my ear, as Reason's strengthening glow
Show'd their full value—now thou seem'st to stand
Before my sad, suffus'd, and trembling gaze,
The dreariest relic of departed days;
Of eloquence paternal, nervous, clear,
DIM APPARITION THOU,—and bitter is my tear.

Now the low beams, with paper garlands hong, in memory of fome village Youth, or Maid, Draw the foft fear, from thrill d remembrance forung, How oft my childhood wark'd that tribute paid. The gloves infliended by the garland's fide, White as its frowy flowers, with ribiands tied; Dear Village! long thefe wreaths functed toread, Simple memorials of thy early Dead!

* The anciest readon of hereing a policy of white on a male of world paper, and a pair of while place a very star for you or a form and Vileges, which in the flower of dust oget is all the star of the interest of the form of the Taxas in most other wildges, not being Taxas in distinct.

Yes, for the joys that trivial joys excell,

lov'd Honosa", did wornall the gloom

TIME PAST.

And the bright fires accurred wattism ound the room.

RETURN, bleft years!— when not the jocund Spring,
Luxuriant Summer, nor the amber hours
Calm Autumn gives, my heart invok'd to bring
Joys, whose rich balm o'er all the bosom pours;
When ne'er I wish'd might grace the closing day
One tint purpureal, or one golden ray;
When the loud Storms, that desolate the bowers,
Found dearer welcome than Favonian gales, [Vales!
And Winter's bare, bleak fields, than Summer's flowery

Yet, not to deck pale hours with vain parade

Beneath the blaze of wide-illumin'd Dome;

Not for the bounding Dance;—not to pervade,

And charm the fense with Music;—nor, as roam

The mimic Passions o'er theatric scene,

To laugh, or weep;—O! not for these, I ween,

But for delights that made the heart their home,

Was the grey night-frost on the sounding plain

More than the Sun invok'd, that gilds the grassy lane.

Yes, for the joys that trivial joys excell,

My lov'd Honora*, did we hail the gloom

Of dim November's eve;—and as it fell,

And the bright fires shone cheerful round the room,

Dropt the warm curtains with no tardy hand;

And felt our spirits, and our hearts expand,

Listening their steps, who still, where'er they come,

Make the keen stars, that glaze the settled snows,

More than the Sun invok'd, when first he tints the rose.

Affection,—Friendship,—Sympathy,—your throne
Is Winter's glowing hearth;—and ye were ours,
Thy smile, Honora, made them all our own.—
Where are they now?—alas! their choicest powers
Faded at thy retreat;—for thou art gone,
And many a dark, long Eve I sigh alone,
In thrill'd remembrance of the vanish'd hours,
When storms were dearer than the balmy gales,
And Winter's bare bleak fields than green luxuriant vales.

More than the Sun invok'd, that gilds the graffy lane.

To laugh, or weep; O! not for thefe, I ween,

^{*} Miss Honora Snexu, to whom the gallant, and unfortunate Major Amore, was fo unalienably attached. See the Author's Monopy on that Gentleman.

The following are felected from a centenary of SONNETS, written as occasion presented the Idea, through a Course of more than twenty Years. The Author intends to publish them collectively at some future period.

The Evening thines in May's luxuriant pride.

And all the funntain distance glow, And all the brooks that thro' the Valley flow,

Proceeding from the Form we fondly love!

How light, compar'd, all other forrows prove!

Thou shed'st a night of woe, from whence depart

The gentle beams of patience, that the heart

'Mid lesser ills illume.—Thy Victims rove

Unquiet as the Ghost that haunts the grove

Where MURDER spilt the life-blood.—O! thy dart

Kills more than life, e'en all that makes it dear;

Till we the "fensible of pain" wou'd change

For Phrenzy, that desies the bitter tear,

Or wish, in kindred callousness, to range

Where moon-ey'd Idiocy, with fallen lip,

Drags the loose knee, and intermitting step.

WRITTEN ON RISING GROUND,

Year. The Author Mean Lichfield, roduch adT . . reaY

The Evening shines in May's luxuriant pride, And all the funny hills at diftance glow, And all the brooks that thro' the Valley flow, Seem liquid gold .- O! had my fate denied Leifure, and power to tafte the fweets, that glide Thro' kindling Souls, as the foft Seafons go On their ftill varying progress, for the woe My heart has felt, what balm had been supplied?-But where great NATURE smiles, as here the smiles, Mid verdant vales, and gently-fwelling hills, And glaffy lakes, and mazy, murmuring rills, And narrow wood-wild lanes, her fpell beguiles Th' impatient fighs of grief, and reconciles Poetic minds to Life, with all her ills. 10 1 Or with, in kindred callordness, to range

Where moon-ey'd Irroev, with fallen lip,

Drags the loofe knee, and intermitting (tep.

Now, vou NOITOLITE AND YCAL CONDOX crees borne

WHO THOUGHT SHE SHOULD NEVER MORE BE HAPPY ! /

Unfolds her feaves, her biolioms, and her flowers,

Yes, thou shalt smile again!—Time always heals,
In Youth, the wounds of forrow.—O! survey
You now subsided Deep, thro night a prey
To warring winds, and to their furious peals
Surging tumultuous.—Yet, as in dismay,
The settling billows tremble—Morning steals
Grey on the rocks; and soon, to pour the day
From the streak'd east, the radiant Orb unveils,
In all his pride of light.—Thus shall the glow
Of beauty, health, and hope, by soft degrees
Spread o'er thy breast;—disperse these storms of woe:
Wake with soft Pleasure's sense, the wish to please,
Till from those eyes the wonted lustres flow,
Bright as the Sun, on calm, and crystal Seas.

Now, young-ey'd Spring, on gentle breezes borne,

'Mid the deep woodlands, hills, and vales, and bowers,

Unfolds her leaves, her bloffoms, and her flowers,

Pouring their foft luxuriance on the morn.

O! how unlike the wither'd, wan, and worn,

And limping Winter, that o'er ruffet moors,

And plashy fields, and ice-incrusted shores

Strays,—and commands his rising winds to mourn!

Protracted Life, thou art ordain'd to wear

A form like his;—and, shou'd thy gifts be mine,

I tremble lest a kindred influence drear

Steal on my mind;—but pious Hope benign,

The Soul's new day-spring, shall avert the fear,

And gild Existence in her dim decline.

Walte with fost Pleathre's sense, the week to please, Till from those eyes the wonted builtes slow, Bright as the Sun, on calm, and crystal Seas.

INVITATION TO A FRIEND.

Since dark December shrouds the transfent day,
And stormy Winds are howling in their ire,
Why com'st not thou, who always can'st inspire
The soul of cheerfulness, and best array
A fullen hour in smiles?—O! haste to pay
The cordial visit fullen hours require!

Around the circling Walls a glowing fire
Shines;—but it vainly shines in this delay
To blend thy spirit's warm Promethean light.
Come then, at Science, and at Friendship's call,
Their vow'd Disciple;—come, for they invite;
The social Powers without thee languish all.
Come,—that I may not hear the winds of night,
Nor count the heavy eve-drops as they fall!

If he whose bosom with no transport swells

In vernal airs, and hours, commits the crime?

Of sullenness to Nature; 'gainst the time,'

And its great Ruler, he alike rebels and W

Who seriousness, and pious dread repels, and A

And aweless gazes on the saded Clime, and A

Dim in the gloom, and pale in the hoar rhyme,

That o'er the bleak, and dreary Prospect steals.

Spring claims our tender, grateful, gay delight;

Winter our sympathy, and sacred sear; id all and sure the Hearts that pay not Pity's rite

O'er wide Calamity,—that careless hear and a Creation's wail,—neglect, amid her blight, and the solution of the rule of the reserved.

FINIS.



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